

The Weekly Commissioner

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VOLUME 7.

REPUBLICAN AT ALL TIMES, AND UNDER ALL CIRCUMSTANCES

THE ADVOCATE

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1878

ALL CIRCUMSTANCES

SINGLE COPIES 5 CENTS

NUMBER 40

PIPER-HEIDSIECK

CHAMPAGNE.
100 bottles of this celebrated brand of Champagne, landing at New Orleans, for sale by J. B. SOLARI and SONS, 27 and 29 Royal and 75 Camp Sts.

J. B. SOLARI and SONS

CASES OF 12 BOTTLES

NEW FRENCH PRUNES

5 cases of 50 cartons French PRUNES

25 " 2-25
25 " Benedictine CORDIAL

5 " Maraschino

100 " Cacao

100 basket Lafaurie ANISETINE

100 " Marie Brizard

25 cases superior Burgundy WINE

100 " Bordeaux

100 " new PRUNES in juice

100 " boneless SARDINES in oil

3 " MACKERELS

50 " White Wine VINEGAR

30 cases and bulk White Wine VINE

GAR Landings and for sale by J. B. SOLARI and SONS, 27 and 29 Royal and 75 Camp Sts.

GREAT JACKSON ROUTE NEW

ORLEANS, ST. LOUIS AND CHICAGO RAILROAD LINES

On and after Nov. 15, 1878, trains will depart and arrive as follows, from Caliope street depot:

Express No. 1, 6:00 a. m.

Mixed No. 3, 7:00 a. m.

Express No. 2, 10:30 a. m.

Mixed No. 4, 11:30 a. m.

No. 1 and 2 run daily, 3 and 4 daily, except Sunday.

Pullman Palace Sleeping through with out change to Cincinnati, Louisville, Chicago, St. Louis, Memphis, is attached at Milan, Tenn., enabling passengers to go through without leaving the train. Only one change to New York and Eastern cities.

Friday evening's train makes no connection for Chicago.

Accommodation trains between New Orleans and McComb City.

Leave New Orleans at 3:45 p. m. Saturday, and 7 a. m. Sunday.

Arrive at New Orleans at 9:20 a. m. Sunday, and 10 p. m. Monday.

This is the only line running double daily through trains to and from all points North and East.

Tickets for sale and information given at 22 Camp street, corner Common.

A. D. SHELDON, Agent.

F. CHANDLER, General Manager.

LYNDEN, N. Y.

THE RE-OPENING

ADAMS HOUSE

203 Broadway, Cincinnati, O.

Jan-26

JOHN KUGLER

NEW ORLEANS.

133.....COMMON STREET.....13

Near St. Charles Street,

NEW ORLEANS.

227.....CUSTOMHOUSE ST.....227

Corner of Tremé Street,

NEW ORLEANS.

227.....CUSTOMHOUSE ST.....227

Corner of Tremé Street,

NEW ORLEANS.

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227.....CUSTOMHOUSE ST.....227

Corner of Tremé Street,

NEW ORLEANS.

WASHINGTON LETTER

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 3.

In my last letter I spoke of the

hardy attempt of the game of bluff

on the part of the President in

order proceedings in the South.

Among the "stallwart" Republicans

this action is regarded as an

evidence of weakness and an

abandonment of that "Policy" which

was made all sections dwell in

unity and peace. To the careful

observer of events, however, this

action is not calculated to

enhance the material or political

interests of the race for whose

benefit, and in whose

interest these laws were enacted

and are about to be enforced. The

negro has had enough of

northern political managers. He

has been the instrument of torture

for the southern whites, whenever

northern, state and sectional

antipathy wanted an instrument.

The north has reaped the benefit

of his enfranchisement heretofore.

Now it seems this order of things

has been reversed, and the south

withholding a full, free and fair

expression of the polls is enabled

to make her representation "solid"

in both halls of Congress, and

consequently dictates the policy and

controls the legislation of the

country, as she did in ante bellum

days. This political solidity on the

part of the south, is the northern

nightmare. Beneath the overwhelming

Democratic majorities in southern

states lie buried claims estimated

at four hundred million dollars,

which, if passed by Congress, would

paralyze industry and trade in the

north, and bankrupt and impoverish

its people. The wealth, the industry,

the trade, and the commerce

is held and largely controlled

by the north, and hence its share

of taxation for the payment of these

claims would largely preponderate.

These are the views of northern

Republicans. These views won in

the last election. They wrested

four states from Democratic control.

They will win in 1880, unless

something is done to neutralize and

destroy their effect, and they will

continue to win after that time, unless

the incoming Democratic Congress

formally, by joint resolution

disclaims any intention to consider

seriously the payment of these

claims. An attempt will be made

by the Republicans to force the

issue on them, as they believe southern

congressmen are too timid to

vote for a resolution, such I have

indicated.

"Southern claims" then, and "outrage"

on Republicans will furnish the

food for northern orators to

give out in 1880. The southern

claim business can, and I suppose

will be, effectively disposed of before

then; for I have every reason

to believe that the Democrats intend

to disavow any intention to

pay them, as soon as they have

control of both branches of Congress.

There remains then the

"outrages" committed on innocent

Republicans in the South. The

payment of southern claims is only

THE TEETH OF THE ENEMY

There is a paper called *The State*

published at Richmond, Va. It

states the fact that if funds have

been committed in the late elections

in the South, the general Govern-

ment cannot interfere, but must

leave their adjustment to the late

courts of the South. Its drift is

that the "better classes" must gov-

ern everywhere, either within the

law or outside of it. *The State*

calls attention, by way of parallel,

to the bulldozing of the workmen

of Massachusetts; and, though

it does not like the politics of the

Republicans, it maintains a because

they are the "better class" they

have the inherent right to rule—

even as have the F. F. V.'s of Vir-

ginia. We quote:

"In fact, if there be not much

misrepresentation, the defeat of

Butler in Massachusetts was en-

tirely due to the bull-dozing of the

workmen of that State by the

employers and capitalists—and yet

who think of indicting the best

people of Massachusetts for resort-

ing to this means of protecting the

best interests of society from the

irresponsible rabble?"

Note the force of these words.

This aristocratic *State* boldly de-

clares that there are "defects" in

our constitutional law which can be

remedied only by breaking the

law itself. Read:

"There are defects in our institu-

tions which can only be remedied

by irregular means, and the most

defective portion of the machinery

of our Government is the elective

law. The best men in every

State, and will, regardless of any

attempt to deprive them of that

right, which is there by reason of

the superior force of their virtue

and intelligence."

Thus the current is setting steadily

in the direction of changing our

Republican Government of equal

rights to an Oligarchy of "first

families" in the South, of employers

in the North, and of lawyers and

profit-mongers and men of the soft

and itchy hand everywhere. They

have got the creating of classes into

an unnatural position—first, marked

practically, but followed standing upon

nothing, and snatching at an in-

sufficient and uncertain wage to

keep them alive. They have the

creating classes where they want

them, and they make a match, an

onion, on the franchise in order to

keep them there.

In the South, between poll tax

and bull-dozing, the blacks are vir-

tually neutralized. In several of

the Northern States the poll tax

works as a practical prohibition of

the poor man's vote. He does pay

his poll tax, \$2 say, this year, and

he must pay \$4 or lose his vote, and

so on and on. Preliminary pro-

ceedings are going on in New York

State to disfranchise the creative

classes in local government of the

plan that they don't pay any taxes.

That the unworking classes pay all,

and those who work pay nothing!

In short, the Republic bequeathed

to us by the Revolutionary war

THE KENMORE HOTEL

By an Albany paper of last month

we learn that the deservedly popu-

lar and efficient proprietor of the

well known Congress Hall of that

city would in all probability, open

his new hotel on November 25th.

It has all the modern improve-

ments, hydraulic elevator, patent

sanitary, with speaking tubes

connecting every room in the house

with the office, and is heated by

steam, though most of the rooms

have fire places which can be used

if guest prefer, instead of steam.

The furniture is new, costly, and

elegant, and made expressly for the

Kenmore, by the New York firm of

DeGraff & Taylor. The carpeting

is from Sloan & Co., New York

and Van Gansbeek of this city. It

is of rich and tasteful patterns.

The main hall is to be carpeted

The Louisianian.

P. B. S. Pinchback,
EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

SATURDAY, DEC. 14, 1878.

All letters on business and communications should be addressed to the "LOUISIANIAN, 644 CAMP STREET."

No notice taken of anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. Rejected communications cannot be returned, neither can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

The proprietor of this paper will not be responsible for the sentiments of communications.

The LOUISIANIAN can be had at the following well known news dealers:

Haley—corner of Camp and Commercial Alley.

Ellis—opposite Postoffice.

Staub—corner Canal and Exchange Alley.

AGENTS: Plaquemine.

Hon. H. MARSHALL, St. Mary.

Geo. WASHINGTON, Assumption.

D. C. HILL, Ouchita.

J. S. HINTON, Indiana.

W. H. WARD, Kentucky.

CHARLES T. GREEN, Ohio.

THAMES to ex-State Senator

Burch for Washington papers.

We are indebted to Senator

Burch for appreciated favors.

Mr. Hebert has served notice of

contest upon Mr. Acklen.

Gen. Anderson has effected a

final settlement of his accounts as

acting Collector of the Port.

SOMEbody will hear something

drop the first thing they know.

Now don't all say it ain't me.

George Mack, a colored man has

been admitted to the Social Labor

Party in New York.

Letters received from friends in

different parts of the country speak

in flattering terms of the re-appearance

of the LOUISIANIAN.

Mr. George E. Paris has been

appointed Deputy United States

Marshal. A good appointment,

more of the same sort would do

no harm.

A very significant and suggestive

article from the Irish World may be

found on our first page. Who knows

but what the poor men of the south

may yet have to pool their issues

against aristocracy?

This following from an exchange,

is too true to make a joke of:

"A white man at the breach and

hold of the trigger, and a colored man

at the muzzle with his hands tied be-

hind him, illustrating the fair play and

"no intimidation" in the South.

WADE HAMPTON was the only

governor that ignored the presiden-

tial thanksgiving proclamation, and

he would not have been governor

if it hadn't been for Hayes. Such

is life!

The big drawing of the Louisiana

State Lottery came off on last Tues-

day, but we didn't get the hundred

thousand dollar prize, nor even the

fractional part thereof. Bad luck we

suppose.

As several influential gentlemen

have suggested that the Conference

should be held at an early day and in

this city, how would it do to hold it

on or about February 25th, 1879?

Such an arrangement would enable

our friends to see our great Mardi

Gras Festivities and thus be able to

kill two birds with one stone.

The Charleston News and Courier

says the colored people in the South

had no backbone, and so lost the game.

That's exactly what's the matter.

When the colored people learn to make

it unsafe for white men to leave their

homes with impunity to go on a negro

killing expedition they will be able to

secure at least a part of the game, and

to this complexion it must come at

SHALL WE SOUTHERNIZE?

In our last issue we renewed our agitation for a Conference of the intelligent and independent colored men of the South, began in our columns at the commencement of the year.

The necessity for it is so apparent that we deem it superfluous to enter into an elaborate argument in its favor; but we cannot afford to omit calling the attention of our readers to the pertinent suggestion, relative to the colored people of the South, southernizing their ideas, and seeking closer political association with the whites among whom they live, made by our Washington correspondent in his interesting and ray letter on our first page.

His declaration that: "It is a great pity the negroes did not have that advice given to them before they voted him (Hayes) into office. It is a greater pity that they did not have political sagacity enough to see this for themselves," forcibly reminds us of a fact that seems to have escaped the memory of our correspondent, to wit: That the colored people of the South did have such advice given to them long before they voted Mr. Hayes into office. The columns of the LOUISIANIAN for over four years prior to the election of Mr. Hayes, itemized with just such advice; and in the Colored National Convention held at Nashville, Tennessee, the editor of this paper not only advised such a course, but foretold with prophetic accuracy the inevitable result, sure to follow a failure to adopt it.

In common with hundreds of other colored men in the South—but less timid than the rest—we had not only the "political sagacity" to see for ourselves the tendency of our Northern friends to desert us, but the courage to proclaim our convictions and endeavor to arrest the march of our people to certain political destruction.

We read in the shameful surrender of the Southern State Governments that rested upon negro constitutions, while the "Man on horseback" was President and the Republicans had a two-thirds vote in both branches of Congress, the sentence of political death to the colored people of the South.

The setting aside of the "forms of law" latterly held too sacred to admit of any "going behind the returns"—in Alabama, Texas, Arkansas and Mississippi, and the violent seizure of their governments through armed minorities with the tacit sanction of the National Government, was open to but one interpretation to us, viz: The desertion of the colored voters of the South. If greater proof of such an intention was needed, it was furnished in the surrender of the germ of the civil rights bill—the school clause—and the failure to pass the force bill; and the rejection of the colored Senator from Louisiana—which subsequent events, the seating of Kellogg, has shown was a most dastardly piece of business—and other acts of injustice perpetrated upon the colored people of the country too numerous to mention in this connection.

It should be borne in mind by the colored people that all this was done while Gen. Grant was President, and the Republican party in absolute control of both Houses of Congress, and long before Mr. Hayes was ever thought of in connection with the Presidency.

Although strong in our affection for the Republican party, with its former grand record and splendid achievements, to which it seems to be returning, we could not close our eyes against such unmistakable evidence that the days of Republican supremacy in the South were numbered, and at the risk of our popularity and even our reputation for integrity, we urged upon our people to make peace with their white neighbors, while yet they had time, and before they passed completely under their power and at their mercy; but blinded by their devotion and confidence in the power and willingness of the Republican party to protect them, they not only refused to act upon our advice, but charged us with being a sorehead, and in some instances questioned the honesty of our motives.

SHALL WE SOUTHERNIZE?

When we first discovered the drift and tendency of our Northern friends to desert us and admonished our people in the South to "Southernize," its accomplishment was easy. The colored voters of South Carolina, Mississippi and Louisiana were the controlling political power in those states, and the white citizens were not only ready and willing to welcome an alliance, but anxiously sought it; but now the situation is changed. With their power and prestige gone, disheartened and demoralized, their manhood crushed and their votes practically suppressed, it will require more sagacity and skill than the race has heretofore exhibited to accomplish that much to be desired end. Nevertheless, we are glad to see that thoughtful men of the race—men who have an aspiration above that of self aggrandizement—are beginning to realize the peculiar situation of their people in the South, and to suggest practical remedies for the amelioration of their condition.

While it is undeniable that the difficulties in the way of establishing "closer political association and sympathy" between the races in the South upon an honorable basis have been multiplied ten fold, still the work can be accomplished if the brains and manhood of the race will only come to the front and assert itself.

The recent citizens movement in this city and the compromises effected between the white and colored voters in several parishes, in which the latter were accorded honorable representation, are encouraging signs. What we need is unity of action on the part of our best and most intelligent men, not only in this state, but throughout the South. The race cannot be "Southernized" without such action, and therefore we have renewed our agitation for a conference, where the question of whether it is best for the race to "Southernize" and all other important questions affecting our interest can be discussed and a line of action agreed upon.

At that conference we hope to meet our Washington correspondent and every other man who has an interest in the future welfare of our people.

NOT ALL BAD.

That the condition of things in Texas was most deplorable during the recent canvass and election, no one at all familiar with the facts, will attempt to deny. Crimes were committed, which, for feckless atrocity, would put the Modoc Indian to shame and make even Sitting Bull contemplate them with horror. In the general lawlessness that obtained in that whole section of country, it is a hopeful sign that there were to be found some white men who not only refused to be parties to the damnable villainies perpetrated upon our docile and helpless people, but actually did everything in their power to befriend and protect them from their bloody and relentless persecutors, as may be seen from the following letter, which explains itself:

TENNESSEE PARISH, La.,

Dec. 6, 1878.

EDITOR LOUISIANIAN:
Sir—In regard to the fraudulent election in this parish November 5, 1878, I propose to give honor to whom honor is due.

Permit me to say that Dr. Weatherly, Col. Warfield, and Messrs. Douglas, Bland and Hopkins, and others, are entitled to the highest praise and greatest credit for their unsuccessful attempt to secure a fair and peaceful election, and to protect the colored people in the exercise of their rights. These gentlemen deserve and may rely on the confidence and support of our people.

Very respectfully,

NOAH.

An exchange says, and says truly, the North is getting solid when the New York Sun pours such hot shot as the following into the South Carolina Democracy, and does not even spare what the mere left of Wade Hampton:

"That is what Wade Hampton calls 'redeeming South Carolina.' He gave the keynote early in the canvass when he boasted that every congressional district would be carried. His red-coated warriors bore the instructions of every township and hamlet. The ballot-box stuffers consumed the work on election day."

EFFINGHAM LAWRENCE.

In the death of the gentleman whose name heads this article, the State has lost one of its most valuable citizens, and the colored people of Plaquemine, where he lived, one of their best and truest friends.

Kind-hearted, amiable and liberal to a fault, his house was ever open to strangers who might visit his extensive sugar plantation, no matter whether from the North, East, West or South. He made all welcome. But as admirable as are these traits of character, it is not for them alone that we, in common with this entire community, pause in our busy life, to pay our small tribute to his worth.

Mr. Lawrence was, in truth, a friend to the colored people, not in loud-mouthed professions of friendship, but in deeds, which speak louder than words. His efforts to secure them homes of their own, by dividing up a portion of his land and selling it to them on easy terms, with long time for payment, and endeavors in behalf of education—often employing a teacher for a school for the colored people on his plantation and defraying the expense out of his own private means, are among the proofs of that friendship. His death, at any time could not be regarded as less than a sad misfortune, but coming at this particular time when the need of such men is so essential to the future welfare of the race, we regard it as little less than a great calamity. To his family and friends we tender our deepest sympathy and condolence.

SIGNIFICANT.

When such radical Democratic Northern papers as the Cincinnati Enquirer comments as follows, upon Southern statesmen, and the peculiar methods adopted to carry elections in the South, we may well conclude that a solid North is more probable than Southern Democrats like to admit. It says:

"Gen. Joseph E. Johnson has a novel view of the effect of the recent elections on sectional politics. 'Sectionalism,' he says to a correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer, 'was killed in the recent elections, and long before 1880 the solid North and solid South will be forgotten terms. The people of the South have known for thirteen years that the war was at an end, but these long range Radicals and latter-day warriors cannot seem to be brought to a realization of the fact.' You're right, General, they can't, and what is more the whole North can't so long as your long-range balladeers continue to make free with a mockery, and your latter-day reformers continue to stuff ballot-boxes with tissue ballots, squeezed in by thousands in the sacred name of reform."

Hon. J. S. Davidson, of Iberville, is one of the few old Representatives re-elected to the Legislature. This merited recognition of the faithful services of a true, courageous and honest public servant, does credit to the good sense of the people of Iberville. And what is true of Mr. Davidson, is also true of his colleague, the Hon. J. M. Cerville. No two men in the Legislature stood truer and firmer to the expressed wishes of their constituents than these gentlemen, and we congratulate them on their return to the House.

The Chicago Inter-Ocean of the 5th inst. says: Mrs. Hartzell, who has given the past month in this city to the raising of money for the support of at least four lady missionaries among the freed women of New Orleans, will soon complete her labors and return to the South. She has been cordially received, and everywhere great interest has been manifested in this work of lifting up the colored people through the elevating of their women and the purifying of their homes.

A gentleman died not long ago who had been addicted to his cups. One who was not aware of his habit was making inquiries of the family physician, in relation to his death, and among other matters asked about his spiritual condition. "It was excessive," replied the doctor; "that was what killed him."—New Bedford Standard.

A cynical man insists that the fewer relations or friends we have, the happier we are. In your poverty they never help you; in your prosperity they always help themselves.

STRAIGHT UNIVERSITY.

This institution, so well known, and so highly prized by our citizens, opened its doors for the reception of students, Monday morning, Dec. 2nd. A large number of students reported themselves, and a still larger number will be enrolled after the holidays. The new University building, capacious, beautiful, and thoroughly furnished, well ventilated and lighted, and with the most approved arrangement of rooms, offers every attraction to our young men and women. A band of Professors and teachers thoroughly competent and enthusiastic, are doing all in their power to make the University a great success. We predict for the institution a wide patronage and the most cordial sympathy of our fellow citizens. Gov. Antonio, Col. Lewis and the Editor of the LOUISIANIAN show their appreciation of the University by placing their children under its care. To those seeking a liberal education—to those preparing to teach in the schools of this state, and to those proposing to enter the learned professions, the institution offers advantages not easily found elsewhere. A cordial invitation is extended to visit the University at any time during school hours, and to become personally familiar with its workings.

The Law Department, under the care of Professors Shaw, Whitaker, Posey and Walker, has a splendid class of about twenty, and lectures on the various branches of law, are given every night. The Association which has so generously furnished the means for erecting the present fine building, will at the earliest possible date, build dormitories for the accommodation of students from abroad.

PERSONAL.

Dr. B. F. Tanner, of the Christian Recorder sends greetings upon our re-appearance, condolence in our affliction and says: The voice of the LOUISIANIAN was never more needed.

Judge H. M. Stafford, who would have been United States Senator in place of Kellogg if it had not been for a combination between the latter and Mr. Eastie, is in the city. On the 4th of next March Eastie will step down and out, and soon thereafter, Kellogg will doubtless follow.

Last Saturday evening Mr. Jerome A. Johnson, our local editor, was married to Miss A. M. Jackson, at the residence of Dr. Crummett; the Doctor performing the ceremony. The bride never looked in a happier mood than on this occasion, her responses were clear and ringing. Mrs. Jackson gave away the bride. Mr. W. H. F. Armstrong, of Camden, New Jersey, nephew of the proprietor, acted as best man.

Hon. C. F. Brown of Jefferson, was one of the men in the Legislature in the session of 1877, who amid threats and temptations well calculated to have misled a less worthy representative voted steadily, as long as his name was before the Legislature, for the man who he knew the people endorsed, and his own honor required that he should sustain for the Senate. Honest and true, independent and fearless—save of wrong-doing—his people, as a mark of their appreciation of services well performed, have, in his reelection, pronounced the verdict, "Well done, thou good and faithful servant."

We clip from the Peoples Advocate, published at Washington city, the following personals:
Mr. James T. Bradford, of Baltimore, spent his Thanksgiving in this city, the guest of C. A. Fleetwood, Esq.

Dr. B. A. Bosworth, the efficient postmaster at Charleston, S. C., is in the city, having been called by the serious illness of his father, who lies in a critical condition at his residence 318; 2d, street a. a.

Ex-State-Senator T. T. Allain, was in the city during the week looking to the disposal of his sea-crop of sugar.

The present ruinous low price of sugar, he says, is very depressing to the planter, as it cost more to raise than it will now realize in the market. Mr. Allain assures us that our name is still a tower of strength in his section of the state.

For unblushing and unadulterated audacity, give us the Louisianian bulldozers. They are actually endeavoring to make the country believe the colored voters of Louisiana are so fond of dying that they create disturbances for the pleasure of getting killed. Only this and nothing more.

GREAT JACKSON ROUTE—NEW ORLEANS, ST. LOUIS AND CHICAGO RAILROAD LINES.

On and after Nov. 13, 1877. Trains will depart and arrive as follows, from Calicope street depot:

Express No. 1..... 8:00 p. m.
Mixed No. 3..... 7:00 a. m.

Express No. 2..... 10:00 a. m.
Mixed No. 4..... 8:00 p. m.

No. 1 and 2 run daily, 3 and 4 daily, except Sunday.

Pullman Palace Sleepers through without change to Cincinnati, Louisville, Chicago, and for St. Louis & St. Paul is attached at Milan, Tenn., enabling passengers to go through without leaving the train. Only one change to New York and Eastern cities.

Friday evening's train makes no connection for Chicago.
Accommodation trains between New Orleans and McComb City:
Leave New Orleans at 3:45 p. m. Saturday, and 7 a. m. Sunday.
Arrive at New Orleans at 9:30 a. m. Sunday, and 10 p. m. Monday.

This is the only line running double daily through trains to and from all points North and East.
Tickets for sale and information given at 22 Camp street, corner Common.

A. D. SHELDON, Agent.
F. CHANDLER, General Manager.

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CHICAGO.

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CHAMPAGNE,

100 baskets of this celebrated brand of

Champagne landing ex steamship Han-

over, from Havre, and for sale by

J. B. SOLARI & SONS,

27 and 29 Royal and 75 Camp Sts.

J. B. SOLARI & SONS.

CASES OF 12 JARS

NEW FRENCH PRUNES.

5 cases of 50 cartons French PRUNES

5 " 2-25

20 " Benedictine COGNAC.

5 " Maraschino

100 " Cacha

100 basket Lorraine ANISETINE.

100 " Marie Brizard

25 cases superior Burgundy WINE

200 " Bordeaux

100 " Brandy CHERRIES.

10 " new FRUITS in juice.

10 " DOMESTIC RABBITES in oil.

3 " MACKERELS

50 " White Wine VINEGAR

The Louisianian.

SATURDAY, DEC. 14, 1878.

Look out for counterfeit money!
Seen in your advertisements before the holidays.

Crew Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco.

Gen. Bader, has been confirmed by the Senate.

The United States Troops have returned to the barracks.

We want and must have five hundred new subscribers by January 1, 1879.

It looks very much like the State will be unable to meet its January interest.

Gov. Nichols has appointed Captain Flowers, lately his Secretary, Inspector of live stock.

The Louisiana delegation of Odd Fellows to the Convention at Chicago have returned.

ENOKE Clock is now on exhibition at Palace Hall, 185 Canal street. Don't fail to go and see it.

Subscribe for and advertise in the LOUISIANIAN, if you wish to live long and prosper.

If you wish any pictures taken don't fail to call on McClure, 131 Poydras street. You will find everything satisfactory.

Nick Robert's Humpty Dumpty Troupe plays at the Academy to-morrow night and continues until further notice.

Our young friend Charles A. Roxborough, who has been in the city on a visit to his mother, has returned to his parish.

ADAM Richmond's Opera Bouffe Company appears at the St. Charles to-morrow evening for the first time this season.

The Hall of the House of Representatives is being remodeled. The amphitheatre ended last winter will be made more aloping.

GENERAL Cyrus Bussey, and T. S. Tupper, Esq., have gone to Washington to present to Congress the proceedings of the Commercial Convention.

A Committee of young ladies give a concert at Violet Hall for the benefit of the Widows and Orphans on Wednesday December 18th. A grand time is anticipated.

Administrator Houston seems determined to abate the nuisance of obstructing the sidewalks. He had a number of merchants who persist in doing that sort of thing arrested on Thursday.

DURING the week quite a number of prisoners have been brought to the city under charges of intimidation and fraud at the election and arranged before Commissioner Lane, who released them under bail for their appearance before the United States Circuit Court.

A COLORED man by the name of Cromwell was murdered last Monday by a white man named Dumay, in front of a grocery in the Sixth District. The altercation which led to the fatal act, was over a money transaction. The murderer is in jail.

General T. Morris Chester, after an extended visit to the North has returned to the city and will soon hang out his shingle as United States Commissioner. The General returned by the way of Chicago where he participated in the proceedings of the A. M. C. G. U. O. Odd Fellows and delivered the Annual Address.

After an absence of three months, Pinchback's paper, the LOUISIANIAN, comes to us among our exchanges. It makes its re-appearance in full mourning on account of the death of its manager, H. A. Corbin Esq. We sympathize with the LOUISIANIAN and welcome it. Marksville Bulletin.

A Democrat reporter says: The colored men are moving on United States Marshal Wharton, for the purpose of securing the appointment of a man of their color to the place made vacant by the resignation of Chief Clerk Ricker. They say that Wharton has enough Democratic clerks, and they think it is about time he should give Republicans, and colored Republicans at that, a show.

The sales of cotton yesterday were confined to 8000 bales at prices requiring a pretty general reduction of 1c in our quotations. We give also the figures and report of the Exchange, as below:

General Quotation.	Ex. quot.
Interior.....	6 1/2
Low Ordinary.....	7 1/2
Ordinary.....	7 1/2
Strict Ordinary.....	7 1/2
Good Ordinary.....	7 1/2
Strict Good Ordinary.....	8 1/2
Low Middling.....	8 1/2
Strict Low Middling.....	8 1/2
Middling.....	8 1/2
Strict Middling.....	8 1/2
Good Middling.....	8 1/2
Middling Fair.....	10 1/2

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

(Short articles on educational topics solicited.)

DON'T FRET OR WORRY YOUR PUPILS.

Many years ago I left Lake George for Saratoga Springs. There were three heavily-loaded Concord coaches, each drawn by four horses, and the distance to the nearest station on the railroad was about twelve miles. It was my good fortune to secure a seat beside the driver of the leading coach, the other two immediately following us. The coaches were sufficiently near each other to enable me to observe something of the habits of the different drivers. He by whose side I sat was a quiet, kind, and gentlemanly man. He used no boisterous words, uttered no oaths, had no slashing of the whip. If any horse was not doing his proper share of the work, he managed to touch him with the whip in such a manner that the other horses of the team neither heard nor felt the blow. So the entire distance was passed over without any shouting, swearing, or whip-slashing.

With the other two drivers it was different. They whipped, and shouted, and swore, and their teams were kept constantly annoyed and fretted. The three coaches arrived at the same destination within five minutes of the same time. The horses of the leading coach appeared as fresh and quiet as though they had not traveled a mile. But not so with the others. They came to the end of their route puffing and foaming. The difference was entirely owing to the fact that the leading team was kindly driven, and in no way worried, while the others were whipped, excited, and fretted at almost every step.

It occurred to me that there was the same difference in teachers that there was in these drivers. The tasks to be performed may be all the same, but some teachers will secure their performance in that quiet and kindly manner which makes it seem pleasant; while others, by their harshness and rigid exactions and severe words, will continually annoy and worry their pupils, and so make all exercises irksome and unpleasant. The quiet and pleasant way need not be dull and lifeless, but may be equally energetic and effective with the noisy and harsh way, and far more satisfactory to all concerned. The teacher should not be merely a commander and driver, but he should be a kind leader and director, causing his pupils to feel that he is their friend, and making all requirements known in that gentle and winning way which will be a pleasure to regard and fulfill. And if it shall be necessary to administer reproof or correction, that may be done in that gentle, private, and kindly manner which will secure the desired results without awakening unkind or bitter feelings.

SHOULD TEACHERS BE EXAMINED.—What is your opinion concerning the frequent examination of teachers of experience, especially in branches in which they do not give instruction? To obtain a certificate under our rule, as an assistant, requires an examination at first in fifteen branches. I am not in favor of re-examination, only in those branches which they teach, and such others as will increase proficiency; and after a few years of unsuccessful work, renewed without examination. The majority of our board are in favor of re-examination in all branches, and at present there is quite an unpleasant controversy. I may be wrong, but my observation for several years convinces me that the necessary study to prepare for such ordeals (which are often no test of real ability to teach), generally interferes with the work of the school room. If I am in error, would like to be corrected.

REV. J. W. HENLEY.

Newport, Ky., Nov. 1878.
A MISTAKE.—It is a mistake to suppose that children like to have their own way at school. No greater mistake could be made. Children live order better than disorder. So would all grown people, if they had been properly trained at school. Children are most joyous and happy, and therefore most thoroughly educated, in those schools where the discipline is strict without being severe. There is no quicker way for a teacher to lose the respect of his pupils than by over-indulging them. They will not share long under just restraint. Control develops reverence.—Canada School Journal.

EXTRAORDINARY DRAWING.

100,000 TICKETS AT \$2 EACH.

500,000.

LOUISIANA STATE

Single Number Lottery.

CAPITAL PRIZE

\$30,000.

CLASS A.

TO BE DRAWN AT NEW ORLEANS ON

Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1879.

NO SCALING.

NO POSTPONEMENT.

LOOK AT THE SCHEME

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Prize of \$30,000 is.....	\$30,000
1 Prize of \$10,000 is.....	10,000
1 .. 5,000 is.....	5,000
2 .. 2,500 are.....	5,000
5 .. 1,000 are.....	5,000
20 .. 500 are.....	10,000
100 .. 100 are.....	10,000
200 .. 50 are.....	10,000
500 .. 20 are.....	10,000
1,000 .. 10 are.....	10,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9 APPROXIMATIONS OF \$200 each	2,000
9 APPROXIMATIONS OF \$100 each	10,000
9 APPROXIMATIONS OF \$50 each	7,000

1857, Prizes, All amounting to.

\$110,400

The Drawing will positively commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.,

AT THE OFFICE OF THE COMPANY
On the morning of

Tuesday, Jan. 14, 1879.

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Whole Tickets, \$2.

For sale at all the New Orleans Agencies and at the Central Office of the LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

Address Lock Box 692, New Orleans Post Office.

Remit by Post Office Money Order, Registered Letter, Draft, or by Express.

Observe and recollect that in the Two Dollar Drawing of Jan. 14, 1879,

ALL THE PRIZES

PAID ON PRESENTATION.

Agents wanted in Every State, County, City and Town Throughout the Union.

Unexceptionable Guarantee required, and must, in every instance, accompany application to be made to

W. A. DAUPHIN, President,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

ALL LETTERS UNANSWERED MEAN A NEGATIVE REPLY.

LEVY'S PALAIS ROYAL

BAZAAR,

137 CANAL STREET

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Has now a catalogue ready, describing everything kept in that mammoth establishment with the selling price to it. You can get a catalogue mailed to you free of postage by sending your address on a one cent postal card, to

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NEW ORLEANS.

This Season's Specialties, which I am selling cheaper than any other house in the South;

Hamburg Embroideries,

which begin from 3c to \$1.50 a yard, fully 33 per cent cheaper than any other house in the city of New Orleans.

FANS, FANS.

600 styles in Japanese Satin, Silk and Feathers.

PRICE L'ST SILK PARASOLS.

14 inch \$.90c	22 inch \$1.90
16 inch 1.15	24 inch 2.15
18 inch 1.40	26 inch 2.60
20 inch 1.60	28 inch 3.15

With fine fancy handle from 25c to \$1.50 extra.

Send your orders for

HUMAN HAIR BRAIDS,

In all colors from 50c up.

Send your orders for

2 CHEMESE,
2 PAIR DRAWERS,
2 SKIRTS,
LONG NIGHT GOWN,
With bust measure and \$5.00.

THE CHEAPEST LADIES OUTFIT IN UNDERCLOTHING IN NEW ORLEANS.

Money refunded if not satisfactory.

Send your order and measure for Window Shades,
\$1.00 a pair.

LACE CURTAINS,

\$2.00 a pair, up.

KNIVES & FORKS,
\$1.00 a dozen, best steel.

SILVER PLATED, ON NICKEL
TABLE SPOONS,
\$1.00 a set.

SILVER PLATED, ON NICKEL
TABLE FORKS,
\$1.00 a set.

TEA SPOONS,

Only 50 cents a set.

By all means get a Catalogue, and when in New Orleans don't fail to see the

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Weekly, Semi-Weekly, and Daily.

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Its columns are carefully guarded against objectionable matter, and every effort is made to render it as pleasant and profitable companionship at the home fire side.

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Is conducted in a great care, and everything possible is done to make the Market Reports such as the Farmers and Business Men of the Northwest can rely upon.

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CROCKERY DEALER,

Is now Located at his Old Stand,

174 Canal Street.....174

(Opposite Varieties Theatre.)

Where he sells CHINA CROCKERY GLASSWARE PLATED WARE CUT

GLASS AND HOUSE FURNISHING

GOODS, cheaper than ever. Feb 10

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RETAIL

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READY MONEY PURCHASERS.

All Goods Marked in

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The paper contains no ultra sentiments, and meddles with neither politics nor religion, but is characterized by a high moral tone. It circulates all over the country, from Maine to California.

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1878.

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Send your orders for

HUMAN HAIR BRAIDS.

In all colors from 50c up.

Send your orders for

2 CHEMISES,

2 PAIR DRAWERS,

2 SKIRTS,

LONG NIGHT GOWN,

With bust measure

and \$5.00.

Send your order and measure for

Window Shades,

\$1.00 a pair.

LACE CURTAINS,

\$2.00 a pair, up.

KNIVES & FORKS,

\$1.00 a dozen, best steel.

SILVER PLATED ON NICKEL

TABLE SPOONS,

\$1.00 a set.

SILVER PLATED ON NICKEL

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TEA SPOONS,

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can be supplied with maids, cooks, waiters, nurses, etc., male and female.

matrons, housekeepers, seamstresses, traveling companions, ladies, valets, etc.

servants of all work, men or women to work by the day or month. Also, bookkeepers, etc.

Boys for any occupation, and the best laborers for plantations.

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